LED Workshop: A Tale of Two Counties

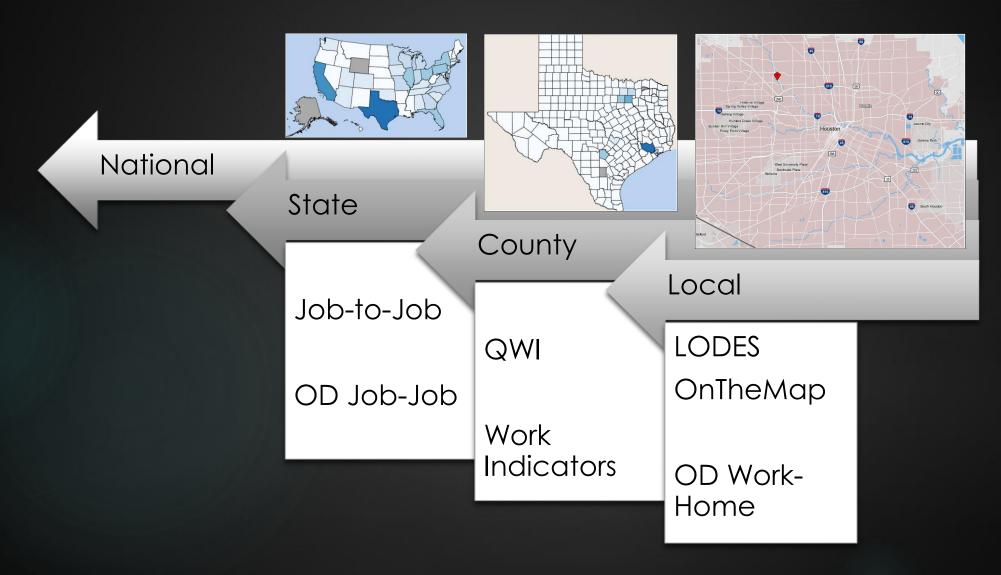
ANSWERING QUESTIONS ACROSS DATA

LODES/ONTHEMAP, QWI EXPLORER, J2J EXPLORER

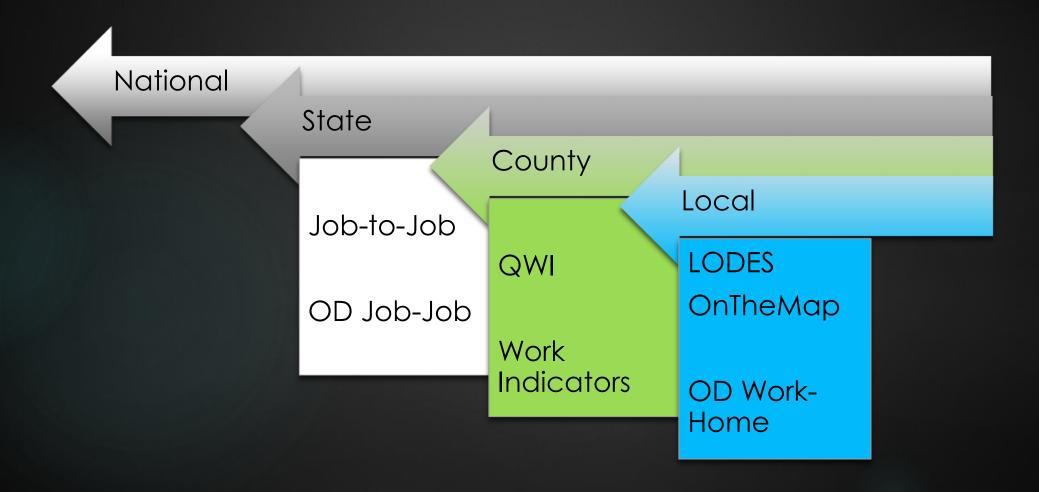
In this session you'll learn to

- look at large scale economic trends in your area
- zoom in on local employment
- compare local, regional, and national data
- use dataset B to answer questions about dataset A
- backup claims or hypotheses with actual data
- 'debug' your data question like an expert

The LED workflow

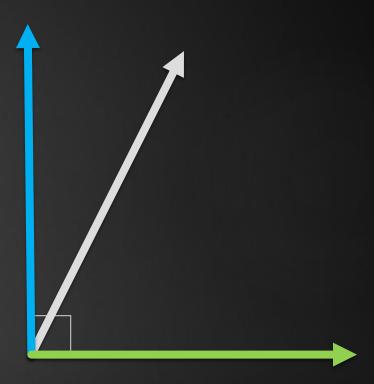


LODES/OnTheMap vs QWI



These datasets are complementary

LET'S TAKE A LOOK AT AN EXAMPLE



Quick Definitions

LODES/OnTheMap Employment

- 'The reference quarter is Quarter 2 (April-June) of the year of interest. This definition of "job" is sometimes called a "Beginning of Quarter" job because it is assumed that the worker was employed at that firm on the first day of the reference quarter.'
 - OnTheMap FAQ

QWI Employment

- 'Estimate of the total number of jobs on the first day of the reference quarter. Beginning-of-quarter employment counts are similar to point-in-time employment measures, such as the QCEW.'
 - QWI 101 Doc

Go To OnTheMap https://onthemap.ces.census.gov/

Search "Hartford CT" (county) Run analysis: Work Area Profile 2014 All Private Jobs (we'll talk about why to use all private jobs later)

Go To QWI Explorer https://qwiexplorer.ces.census.gov/

```
Set
 State: CT
 Geography: Hartford
 Ownership: Private
 X Axis: Quarters (2014 Q2)
 Group: NAICS 2
```

Hartford CT	LODES 2014	QWI 2014 Q2	
NAICS 2	JT03 (all private)	Emp (all private)	Absolute Difference
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	709	692	17
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	74	70	4
Utilities	1057	1069	12
Construction	15611	15241	370
Manufacturing	53101	52943	158
Wholesale Trade	21868	21593	275
Retail Trade	52076	52093	17
Transportation and Warehousing	15451	15498	47
Information	11581	11510	71
Finance and Insurance	56441	57963	1522
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	6077	5806	271
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	33363	33846	483
Management of Companies and Enterprises	11260	11019	241
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and	20027	20729	
Remediation Services	28937		801
Educational Services Health Care and Social	11971	11881	90
Assistance	72386	72112	274
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	5922	5944	22
Accommodation and Food Services	34135	34764	629
Other Services (except Public Administration)	16776	16614	162
Public Administration	0	0	0
<u>Total</u>	<u>448796</u>	<u>450396</u>	<u>5466</u>

Differences still exist

- The entire QWI series is re-processed with each release
- LODES/OnTheMap never gets reprocessed
- Misc. Methodology Differences
- Mostly minor (subjective)

A little bit about coverage and some numbers to go with it

In

Employees Covered Under Ul

National QWI¹ puts Jan 2015 employment at 115 million

For comparison: ACS² puts employment at 150 million

^ There are some major universe differences here

But what is UI?

Out (Ballpark Figures)

- ► Active Military (1.2 million³)
- Self-Employed (14.4 million⁴)
- ▶ Postal Service (639,789⁵)
- Secretive Federal Agencies (???)
- Miscellaneous cases students employees at a university, DHS dock workers
- Federal employees... hold on for 1 slides

¹ Beginning of quarter employment, private employment only

² ACS 2015 1-year civilian employment

³ Pop Estimates Program 2010-2016 as of Jan 1, 2015

⁴ 2015 ACS 1-year, National B24070

⁵ USPS.com, career and non-career employees

UI Wage Records

= Unemployment Insurance

- Record of individual earnings for covered jobs (remember? no military, no postal, no secretive agencies, no self employment, etc.)
 - ▶ **Not claims** for unemployment insurance
- Records are collected for operation of state UI program
- Includes:
 - ▶ Total quarterly earnings for each job

Government Work

- Are Federal workers in the data?
 - ▶ QWI:NO
 - ► LODES/OnTheMap: YES
- State and local government also in system, though some reporting inconsistencies
- Set both datasets to private employment and avoid the issue
- Also, private employment is the only option for national QWI

That's enough detail

READ THE DOCS FOR MORE

HTTPS://LEHD.CES.CENSUS.GOV

Two dominant cities in two dominant counties

Hartford, CT (Hartford County)



Pittsburgh, PA (Allegheny County)



Why these two?

Hartford, CT (Hartford County)

"If Hartford goes bankrupt in the next few years, as looks increasingly likely, it will come at the worst possible time, potentially squandering a rare chance at rebirth and only greasing the wheels of out-migration and job loss."

Pittsburgh, PA (Allegheny County)

"Pittsburgh, the feted champion of the new urbanism, went bankrupt in 2003 and has since undergone an impressive rejuvenation"

- National Review

- "The deeper, more daunting question is what besides a tax break will make Connecticut a place people want to live and work. The state still hasn't found the answer" -Slate
- "From 2010-2015, worker productivity shot up 10 percent, average annual wages increased 9 percent and the overall standard of living rose 13 percent in the Pittsburgh region" – Pittsburgh Post Gazette

A little about <u>Hartford County</u>

Note that we're swinging to the county level

- Anyone from Hartford?
- Insurance capital of the US
- "Suburbs are inferior to thriving cities"
- Corporations are leaving, most recently
 - Aetna
 - ▶ GE
- Population shrinking
- This is the media narrative, but is it true?

Exploring Hartford with QWI Explorer https://qwiexplorer.ces.census.gov/

Set

State: CT

Geography: Hartford

Ownership: Private

X Axis: Quarter 2 Series (1996-2016)

Group: NAICS 2

link

Does this look like a failing county?!

Getting National Comparisons with QWI Explorer

Set

State: United States

Ownership: Private

X Axis: Quarter 2 Series (1996-2016)

Group: NAICS 2

link

It's still pretty hard to compare to Hartford

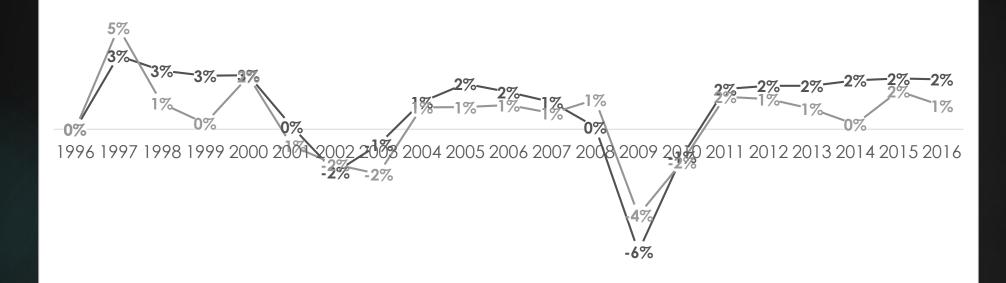
Export QWI to Excel

- Normalize in QWI helps but we can do more by hand
- Let's take the top 4 industries in Hartford and compare them to National
 - Manufacturing, Health Care, Finance and Insurance, Retail
 - ▶ Let's keep in the 'all' category for fun
- Click Get Data
- Export as XLSX

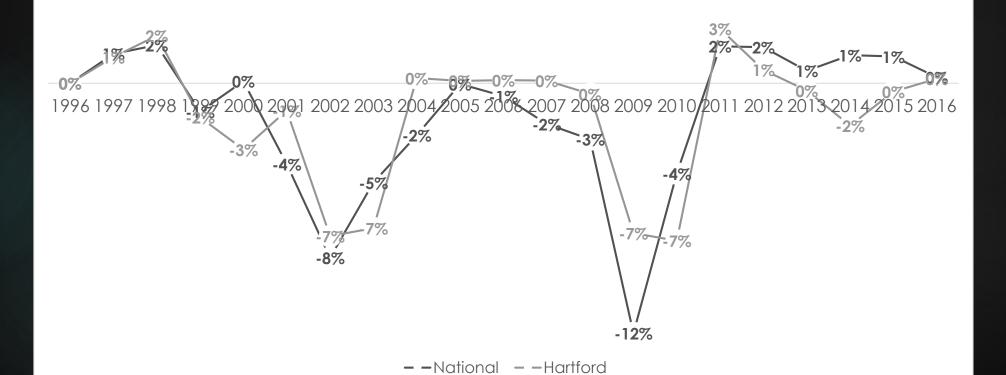
National QWI vs Hartford

- Hartford_v_National.xlsx
- Charts from this excel demo to follow just incase we're running short on time

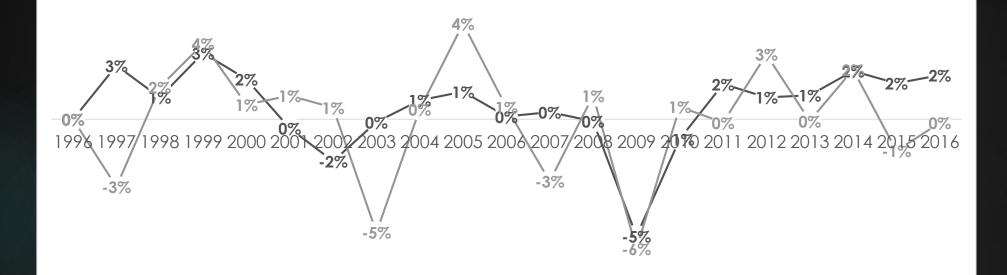
ALL PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT Q2 YEAR OVER YEAR %CHANGE



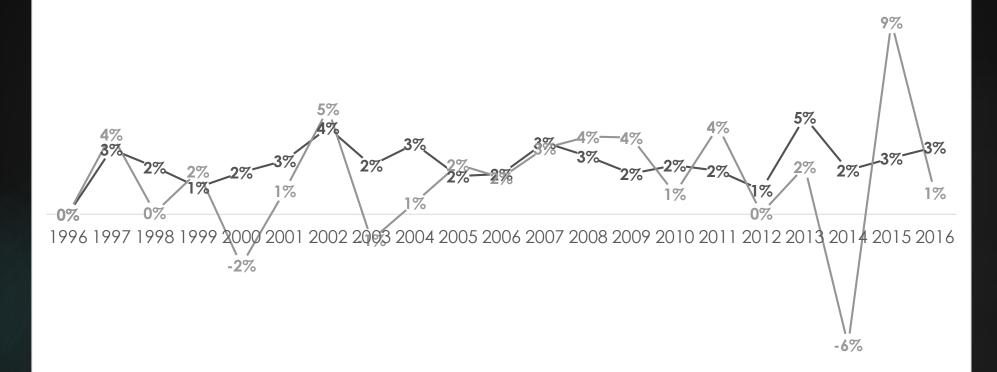
MANUFACTURING Q2 YEAR OVER YEAR %CHANGE



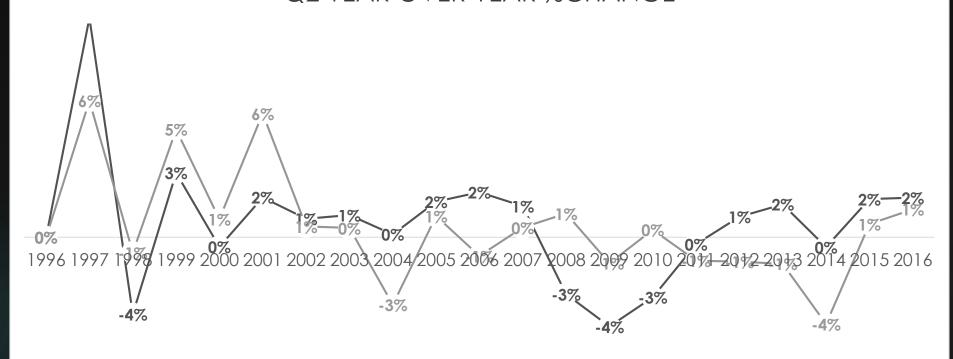
RETAIL TRADE Q2 YEAR OVER YEAR %CHANGE



HEALTH CARE AND SOCIAL ASSISTANCE Q2 YEAR OVER YEAR %CHANGE



FINANCE AND INSURANCE Q2 YEAR OVER YEAR %CHANGE



At this point I'd swing back to QWI Explorer

- Check what's been going on in Financial and Insurance industries since 2011 in:
 - NAICS 3 digit and NAICS 4 digit
 - ▶ Link
 - Is there another component to this?
 - ► <u>Sex</u>
 - ► Age
 - ▶ Race
 - ▶ Education
- And this is just the default indicator there are 32 others!
- ► It's called 'explorer' for a reason

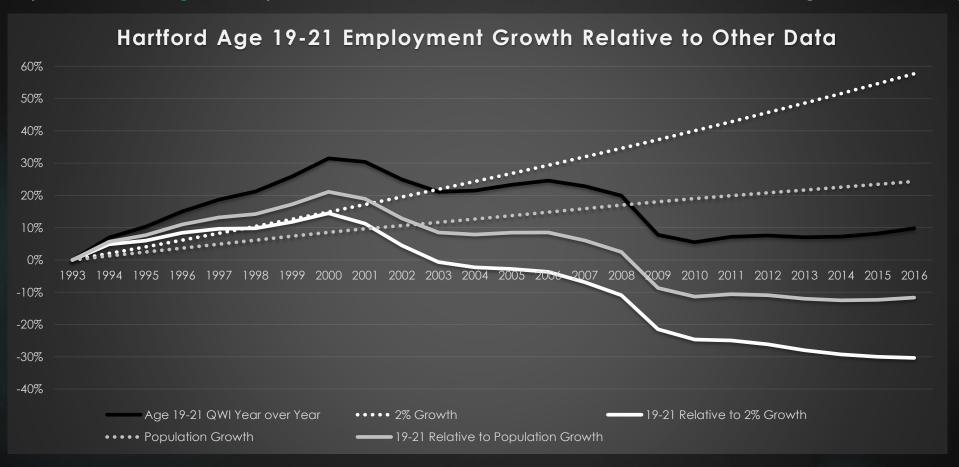
Get as in-depth as you want

FOR EXAMPLE...

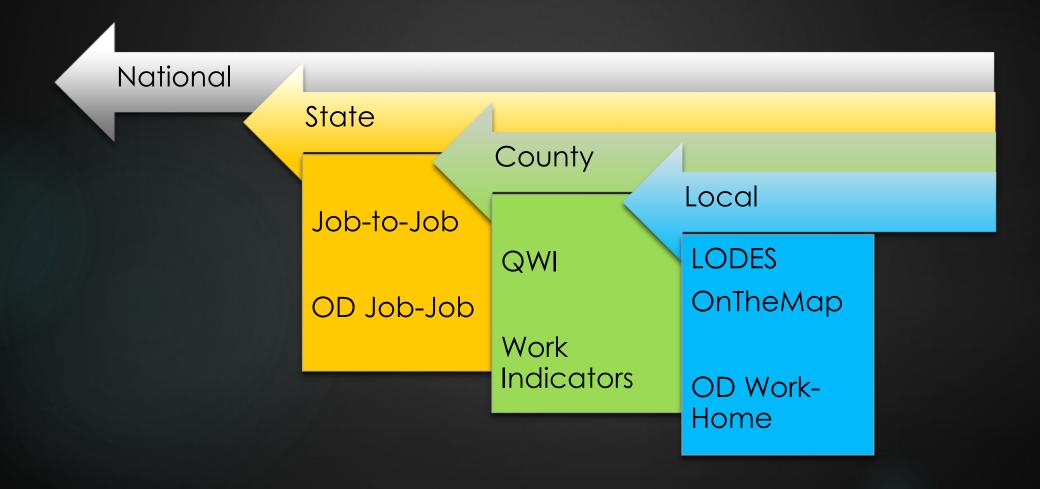
Hypothesis: youth employment is inordinately impacted in Hartford

This example takes youth employment from Hartford and adjusts it to be relative to

- 1) A 2% expected growth target
- 2) Population growth (national, as defined by the pop estimates program, ~1.13%)



Tie J2J to QWI



Hartford county is dominant

- ▶ Let's use this to do a quick jump into J2J
- Because Hartford county is the largest in CT (by employment) let's look at the basic J2J flows to understand a bit more
- https://j2jexplorer.ces.census.gov/
- Look at flows from CT to other States and Industries

Moving on to more positive stories Allegheny, PA - home of Fittburgh

- Once again, a fairly dominant county in PA
- Let's use J2J to check on the workers coming in
 - ▶ Hires to PA from what state?
- Then we'll swing back to QWI to get the perspective of what a healthy economy should look like
 - Or at least this is the media narrative
- This isn't a J2J training
- But notice how it all fits together

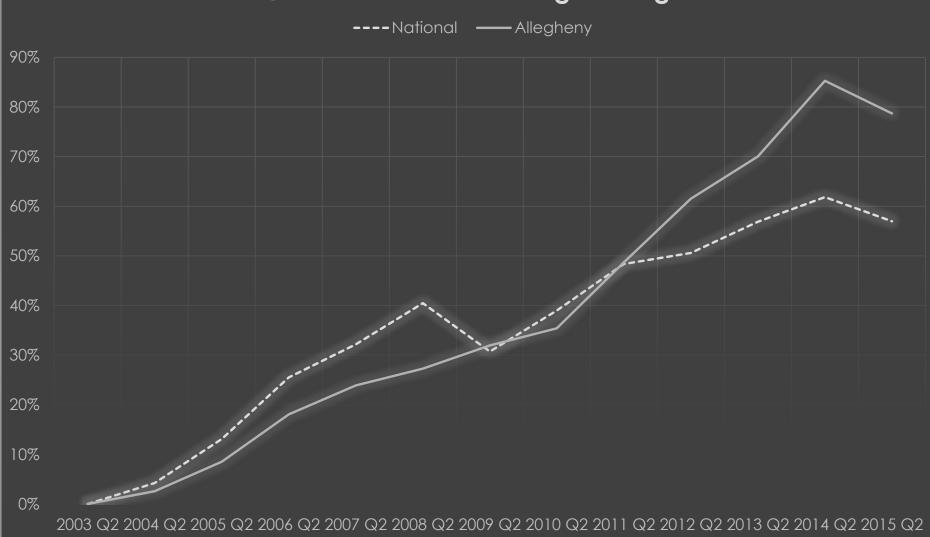
QWI in Allegheny

- Back to the bread and butter starting place of QWI Explorer (for me anyway)
 - Allegheny county, Q2 series, private employment, NAICS 2
- Let's switch this up a bit
 - Look at some earnings data
 - Pittsburgh had some financial problems around 2003-2004
 - "Ten years ago, Pittsburgh's credit rating was at junk bond status" Pittsburgh Tribune-Review
- Let's use the earnings and employment data to figure out what Pittsburgh did right
- Best paying industries are mining, utilities, professional scientific services, management
- See pitt_v_national.xlsx

National QWI vs Allegheny

- pitt_v_National.xlsx
- ► Charts from this excel demo to follow just incase we're running short on time
- Relative Stable Earnings
- Relative Beginning of Quarter Employment

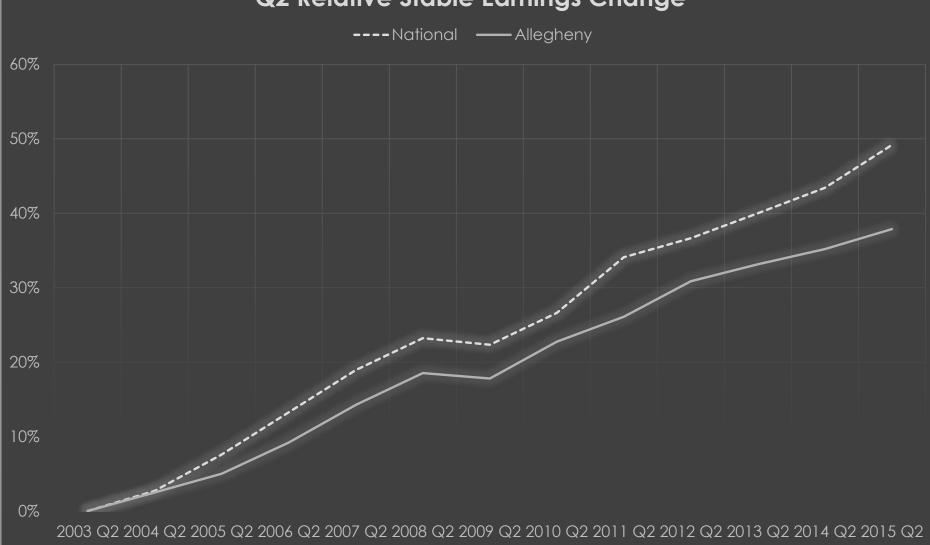
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction Q2 Relative Stable Earnings Change



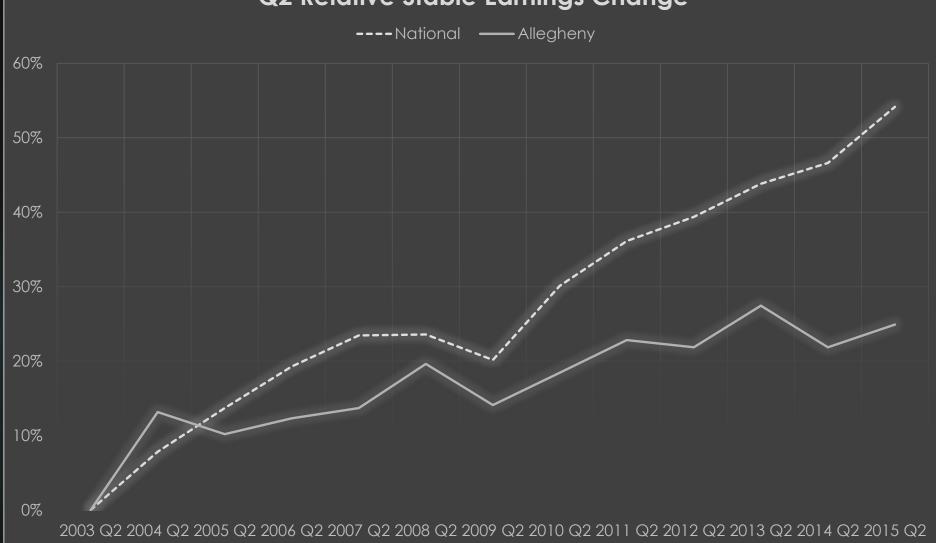
Utilities Q2 Relative Stable Earnings Change



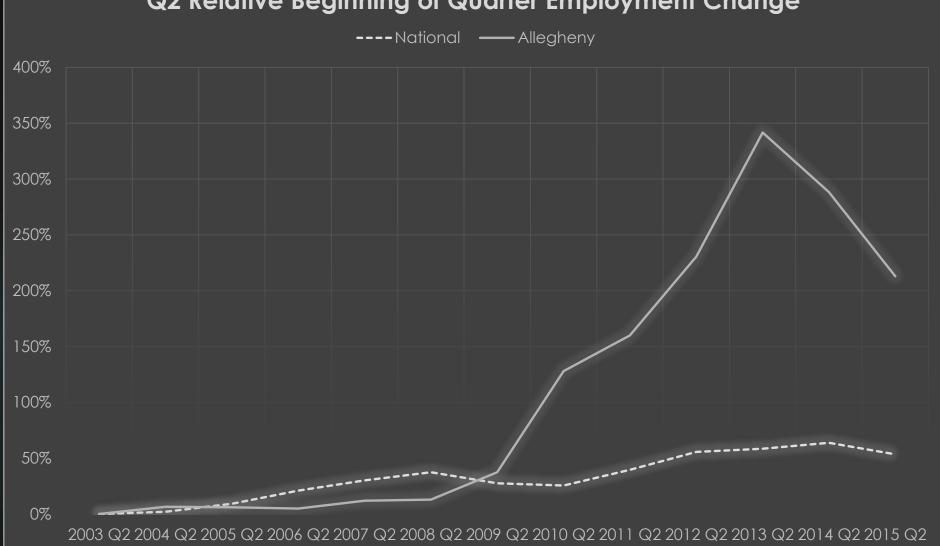
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services Q2 Relative Stable Earnings Change



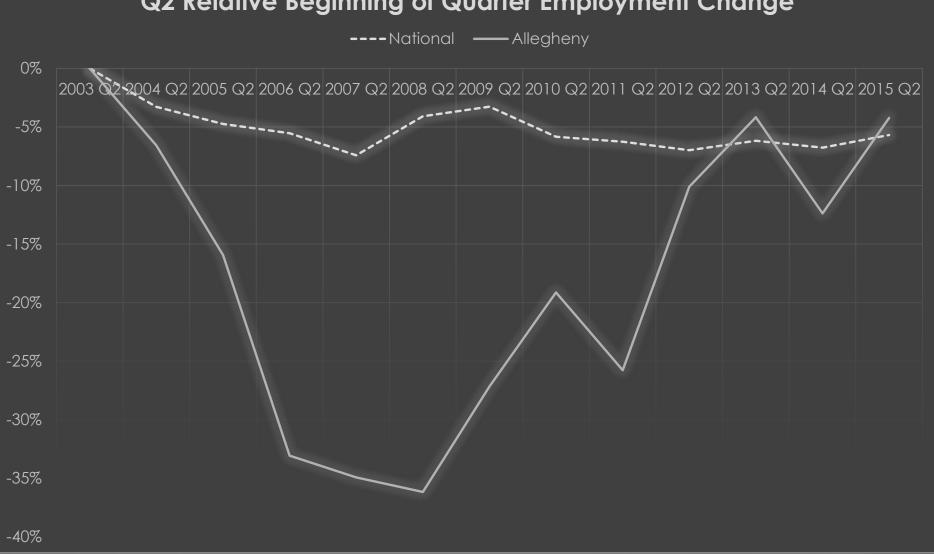
Management of Companies and Enterprises Q2 Relative Stable Earnings Change



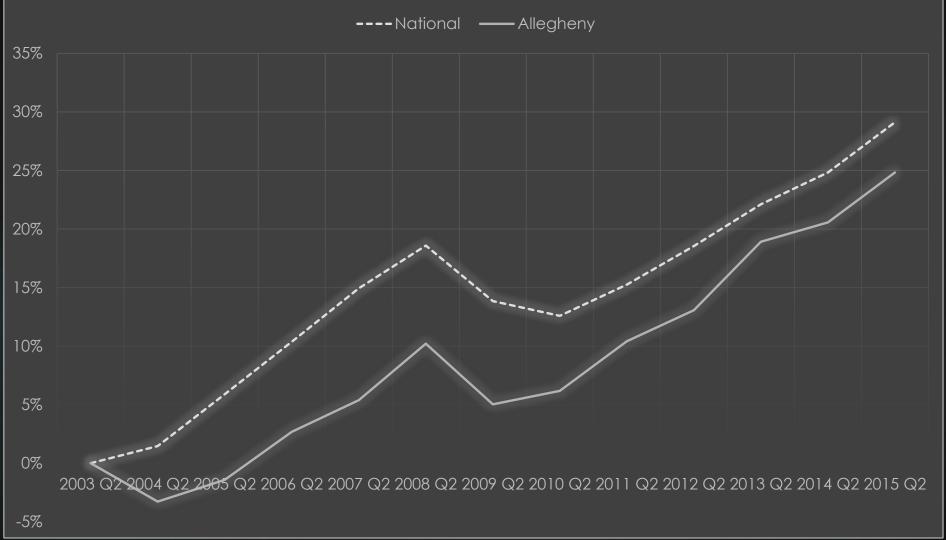
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction Q2 Relative Beginning of Quarter Employment Change



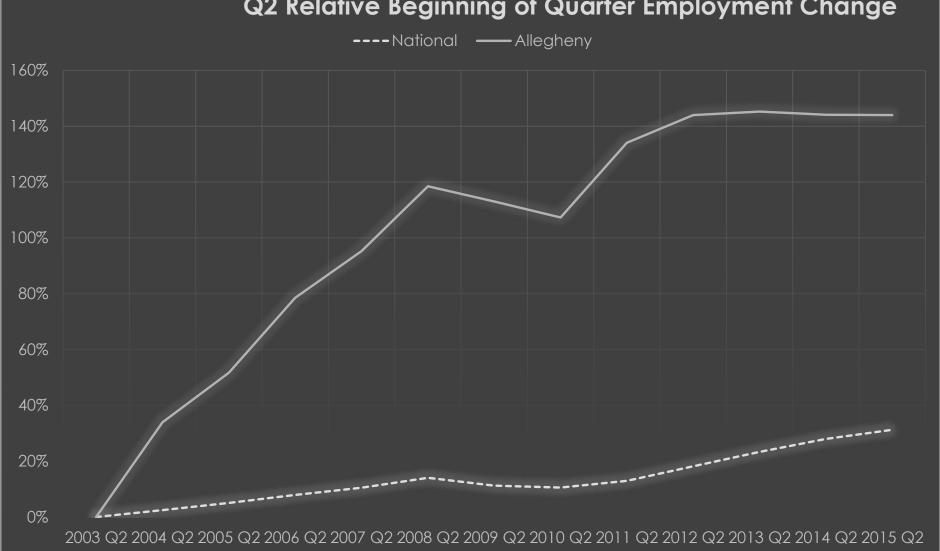




Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services Q2 Relative Beginning of Quarter Employment Change



Management of Companies and Enterprises Q2 Relative Beginning of Quarter Employment Change



Comparing in Explorer

National

<u>Link</u>

Allegheny

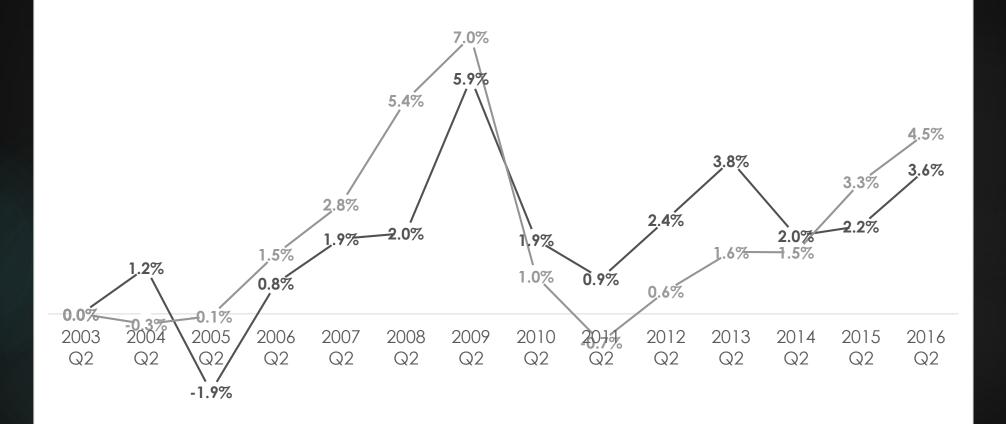
<u>link</u>

Hartford

<u>link</u>

See top_level_comparison.xlsx

RELATIVE % EMPLOYMENT GAINS ALL PRIVATE JOBS, BEGINNING OF QUARTER W/ NATIONAL TRENDS REMOVED



TLDR; Not everything is a simple story

Use the data together LODES/OnTheMap
QWI
J2J

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