LODES Data Note: Changes in 2015 Federal Employment Counts

Overview

Beginning with the release of 2010 LODES data, Federal workers were included in the jobs frame via data sourced from the Office of Personnel Management (OPM). OPM excludes some agencies from the data for security purposes.¹ As a result, jobs from these agencies are excluded from the overall job frame.

With the release of 2015 data, new occupation-level suppressions are appearing in LODES for the first time. Based on these suppressions, which are documented in OPM's Data Release Policy², additional Federal jobs are exiting the overall job frame for LODES. This data note provides some summary information on the changes taking place in LODES between 2014 and 2015 data years. Most – but not all – changes in Federal employment counts in LODES between 2014 and 2015 are a consequence of these occupation-level suppressions.

Comparisons

In LODES, the count of Federal beginning-of-quarter employment (All Federal Jobs)³ changed from 1,241,084 in 2014 to 1,069,069 in 2015, a decrease of -172,015 jobs (about 14%). Below are tables describing these changes in terms of the industry to which the jobs were coded and the state of the jobs' duty stations.

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1 Rev. 20170919

¹ See https://www.fedscope.opm.gov/datadefn/aboutehri_sdm.asp#cpdf3 and https://www.fedscope.opm.gov/datadefn/#location for more information on agency-specific data suppression.

² See http://ia800608.us.archive.org/16/items/opm-federal-employment-data/docs/Data%20Release%20Policy%20January%202014.pdf for more information on occupation-level data suppression.

³ See https://lehd.ces.census.gov/data/lodes/LODES7/LODESTechDoc7.2.pdf for more information on LODES data.

| LODES Federal Employment (All Federal Jobs) | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|--|--|
| | 2014 | 2015 | Change | | |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting | 2,226 | 2,280 | 2.4% | | |
| Utilities | 3,898 | 3,819 | -2.0% | | |
| Construction | 1 | 0 | -100.0% | | |
| Manufacturing | 3,406 | 3,457 | 1.5% | | |
| Retail Trade | 792 | 178 | -77.5% | | |
| Transportation and Warehousing | 8,633 | 7,869 | -8.8% | | |
| Information | 2,966 | 2,894 | -2.4% | | |
| Finance and Insurance | 14,176 | 14,519 | 2.4% | | |
| Professional, Scientific, and Technical Service | 12,365 | 11,238 | -9.1% | | |
| Educational Services | 2,500 | 1,908 | -23.7% | | |
| Health Care and Social Assistance | 301,498 | 310,203 | 2.9% | | |
| Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation | 23,538 | 21,917 | -6.9% | | |
| Accommodation and Food Service | 378 | 305 | -19.3% | | |
| Other Services [except Public Administration] | 1,596 | 1,558 | -2.4% | | |
| Public Administration | 863,111 | 686,924 | -20.4% | | |

As can be seen in the first table, the decrease in the Public Administration sector (176k) is actually larger than the overall decrease in Federal Employment (172k). The second table, below, shows that the decrease in LODES Federal employment is spread across most states⁴, with large absolute decreases appearing in Texas, California, New York, and Florida.

| LODES Federal Employment (All Federal Jobs) | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|--------|--|--|
| | 2014 | 2015 | Change | | |
| Alabama | 15,168 | 14,168 | -6.6% | | |
| Alaska | 6,872 | 5,891 | -14.3% | | |
| Arizona | 30,998 | 22,092 | -28.7% | | |
| Arkansas | 10,521 | 9,694 | -7.9% | | |
| California | 102,445 | 81,833 | -20.1% | | |
| Colorado | 27,358 | 24,504 | -10.4% | | |
| Connecticut | 6,395 | 5,476 | -14.4% | | |
| Delaware | 1,808 | 1,722 | -4.8% | | |
| District of Columbia | 128,694 | 134,805 | 4.7% | | |
| Florida | 60,124 | 46,301 | -23.0% | | |
| Georgia | 41,986 | 36,641 | -12.7% | | |
| Hawaii | 6,077 | 4,154 | -31.6% | | |
| Idaho | 6,995 | 6,594 | -5.7% | | |
| Illinois | 34,204 | 28,593 | -16.4% | | |
| Indiana | 13,148 | 11,813 | -10.2% | | |
| Iowa | 7,666 | 6,812 | -11.1% | | |
| Kansas | 9,815 | 9,113 | -7.2% | | |
| Kentucky | 15,327 | 13,179 | -14.0% | | |
| Louisiana | 14,174 | 11,760 | -17.0% | | |
| Maine | 3,891 | 2,974 | -23.6% | | |
| Maryland | 88,790 | 86,124 | -3.0% | | |
| Massachusetts | 21,828 | 17,793 | -18.5% | | |
| Michigan | 20,717 | 16,557 | -20.1% | | |
| Minnesota | 15,747 | 13,434 | -14.7% | | |

⁴ LODES employment data were not published in 2015 for Wyoming.



2 Rev. 20170919

| LODES Federal Employment (All Federal Jobs) | | | | | |
|---|--------|--------|---------|--|--|
| | 2014 | 2015 | Change | | |
| Mississippi | 10,175 | 9,248 | -9.1% | | |
| Missouri | 29,906 | 27,385 | -8.4% | | |
| Montana | 8,498 | 7,731 | -9.0% | | |
| Nebraska | 6,697 | 5,395 | -19.4% | | |
| Nevada | 9,759 | 8,113 | -16.9% | | |
| New Hampshire | 3,691 | 3,180 | -13.8% | | |
| New Jersey | 14,472 | 10,117 | -30.1% | | |
| New Mexico | 18,033 | 15,415 | -14.5% | | |
| New York | 55,385 | 41,314 | -25.4% | | |
| North Carolina | 23,334 | 21,139 | -9.4% | | |
| North Dakota | 4,571 | 3,818 | -16.5% | | |
| Ohio | 26,156 | 23,713 | -9.3% | | |
| Oklahoma | 15,385 | 13,940 | -9.4% | | |
| Oregon | 16,691 | 15,408 | -7.7% | | |
| Pennsylvania | 41,599 | 36,889 | -11.3% | | |
| Rhode Island | 2,920 | 2,552 | -12.6% | | |
| South Carolina | 11,226 | 9,859 | -12.2% | | |
| South Dakota | 6,984 | 6,724 | -3.7% | | |
| Tennessee | 21,785 | 19,697 | -9.6% | | |
| Texas | 92,523 | 65,408 | -29.3% | | |
| Utah | 14,563 | 13,253 | -9.0% | | |
| Vermont | 4,418 | 2,704 | -38.8% | | |
| Virginia | 51,698 | 45,622 | -11.8% | | |
| Washington | 27,380 | 22,986 | -16.0% | | |
| West Virginia | 14,452 | 13,053 | -9.7% | | |
| Wisconsin | 13,473 | 12,379 | -8.1% | | |
| Wyoming | 4,562 | 0 | -100.0% | | |

Data Availability

LODES data are available to download directly in zipped comma-separated values (CSV) form at https://lehd.ces.census.gov/data/#lodes. The job types affected by this change to OPM sources are "All Jobs" (JT00), "Primary Jobs" (JT01), "All Federal Jobs" (JT04), and "Federal Primary Jobs" (JT05).

LODES data are also available in the OnTheMap application and the OnTheMap for Emergency Management application.⁵ In OnTheMap this change affects the "All Jobs" and "Primary Jobs" job types. In OnTheMap for Emergency Management, this change affects the "All Workers" summaries (which are the same as the Primary Jobs job type).

Contact

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⁵ These can be accessed at https://onthemap.ces.census.gov/em. **United States**■ **United States**

